The Classic 5^{ID}

manufactured by

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To Assemble:

I. Remove all parts from shipping carton and check the assembly page to make sure parts are present.

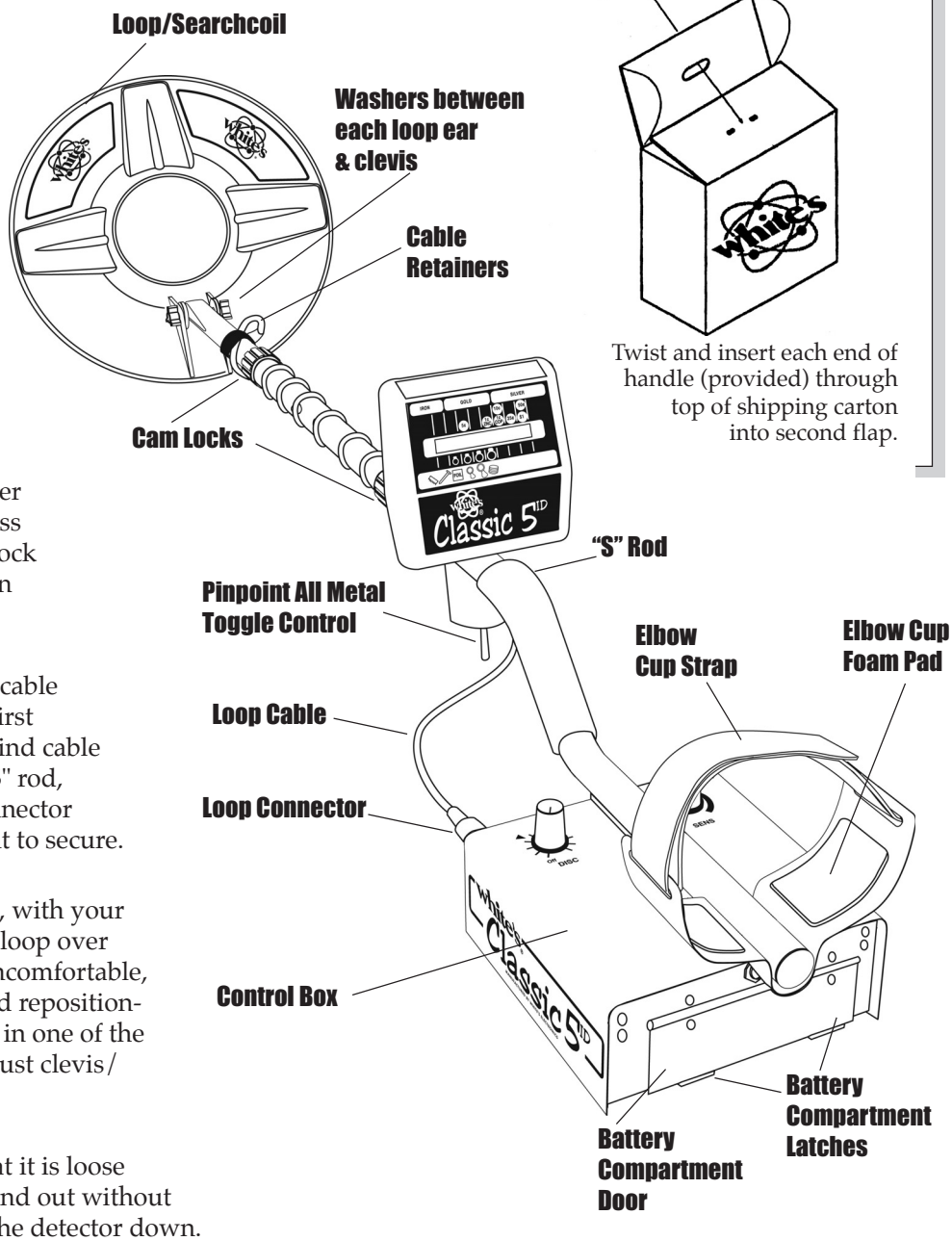
II. There are rubber washers between clevis/lower rod and loop ears. Use only nonmetallic washers, fiber bolt, and thumbnut to secure loop to clevis/lower rod.

III. Unlock rod camlocks and insert clevis/lower rod into center rod, center rod into curved "S" rod so that stainless steel spring clip buttons line up and lock into one of the adjustment holes. Turn camlock to secure.

IV. Unravel loop cable and wind the cable around the clevis and rod assembly, first revolution over the top of the rod. Wind cable all the way to the top of the curved "S" rod, about five revolutions. Plug loop connector into control box and screw finger tight to secure.

V. Grip the instrument by the handle, with your arm in the elbow cup, and sweep the loop over the floor. If the instrument fit feels uncomfortable, adjust the elbow cup by removing and repositioning the bolt/thumbnut and installing in one of the optional positions. If necessary, readjust clevis/lower rod position.

VI. Adjust the elbow cup strap so that it is loose enough for you to slide your arm in and out without loosening each time you want to set the detector down.



VII. Remove protective paper from the black elbow cup foam pads, carefully align each in the elbow cup and press firmly into place.

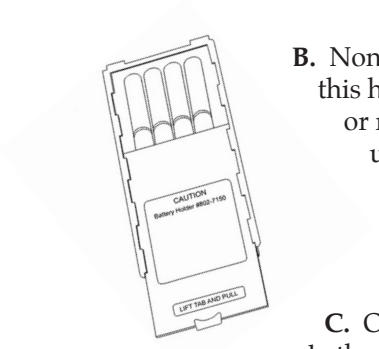
VIII. Install battery as described in the next section, <u>decal facing down,</u> with plastic tab and steel contacts facing toward inside of battery compartment.

IX. It should be noted at this point that the detector may not work as expected indoors due to the high degree of metals used in modern construction. It is best to tune and practice out-of-doors to ensure stable, predictable results.

Batteries

I. Standard Batteries:

A. The standard battery holder holds eight "AA" cell batteries. Alkalines are recommended for use with this model. During normal searching conditions you can expect about 70 hours of hunting time from one set of eight Alkalines.



B. Non-alkalines can be used in this holder. When non-alkalines or rechargeable "AA" cells are used detecting time (before replacement/recharge) will be reduced to about 50 hours.

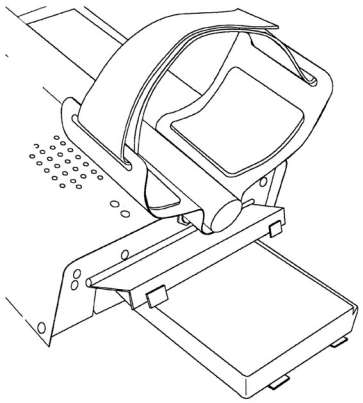
C. Once the batteries become weak, the beep over metal targets will be reduced in volume. Shortly thereafter, the instrument will no longer respond to metals.

D. The battery compartment opens by gently pulling down on the front of each of the two latches on the bottom of the control box.

II. Using The Standard Battery Holder:

A. Slide open the battery holder lid (decal side of battery holder) by applying gentle upward pressure on the tab of the door so that it unlocks. Slide the door away from the battery box exposing the cell positions.

B. Remove any old cells from the holder. Note the (+) and (-) positions of each cell and the (+) and (-) for each position marked inside the cell tray. Install new "AA" cells noting carefully the correct (+) and (-) positions.



1. If the cells are installed incorrectly, the detector may require service by an Authorized Service Center.

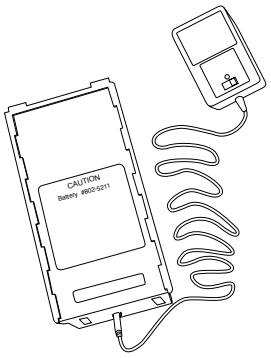
C. Slide the door closed so that it snaps securely.

D. Insert the battery holder into the detector so that the decal is facing down, with the battery holder door tab and metal contact points facing toward the inside of the battery compartment.

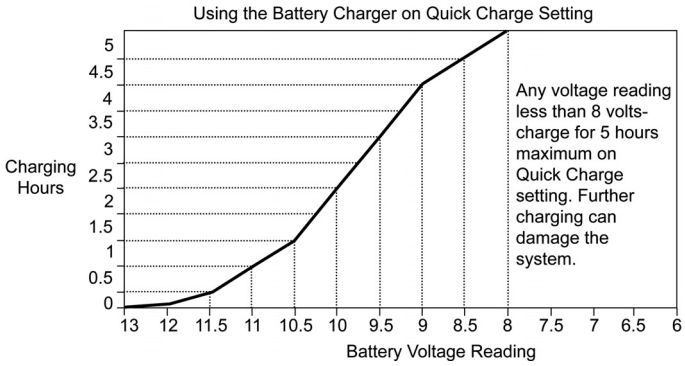
1. Close the battery compartment door and secure the two latches on the bottom of the case. Hook the front of each latch first, then press down on the rear.

III. Rechargeable Batteries:

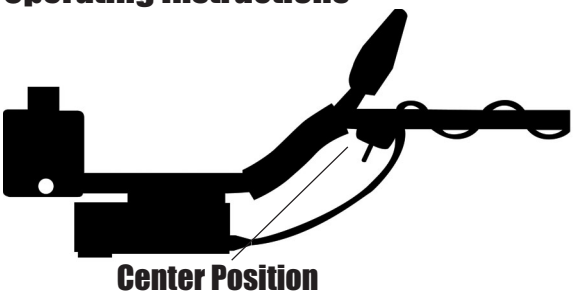
A. White's manufactures an optional rechargeable battery system for this model. Quick charge and overnight charge options are provided, as well as the latest in state of the art non-memory characteristics.

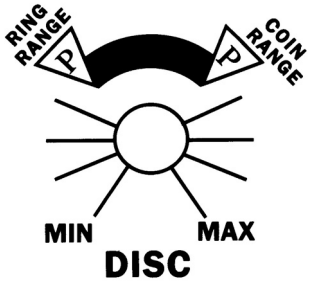


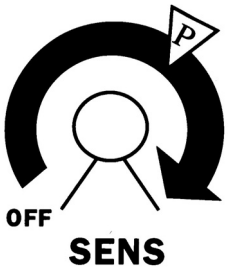
1. White's nicad battery #802-5211, and charger #509-0022 are recommended for use with the Classic® models.



Operating Instructions







I. Once fully assembled, and the batteries installed, set the ON/OFF SENS knob to the "P" (Preset) position set the DISC knob to the RING RANGE "P" (Preset) position, set the ALL METAL toggle (located on the handle/rod) to the center DISC position.

II. The SENS (Sensitivity) knob turns the instrument ON/OFF and adjusts the responsiveness of the detector to metal targets as well as interference from external electrical sources and ground peculiarities.

A. In most conditions the "P" (Preset) position is ideal.

l. If interference becomes apparent (false signals or instability) reduce the SENS control (counterclockwise) until smooth, stable operation is restored.

2. If smooth, stable operation is noted at "P" (Preset), increasing the SENS control (clockwise) may increase detection depth so long as the ground is not extremely mineralized.

3. The SENS control will also dictate the sensitivity of the ID display. If set too high for the conditions the display may either become unreliable, or tend to fill in with all the display blocks. If this occurs once in a while ignore it as the display will clear itself automatically upon the detection of any real metal target. However, if the display fills in regularly, we advice reducing the sensitivity control by turning it slightly counterclockwise.

4. When not in use, turn the SENS (Sensitivity) knob fully counterclockwise until it clicks indicating the instrument is turned OFF. Remove battery from unit, and remove batteries from holder/tray prior to prolonged periods of storage.

III. The DISC (Discrimination) knob adjusts the level of audio rejection against trash metals.

A. The Ring Range "P" (Preset) is recommended for most general purpose searching. In this position, the detector will reject most iron and light foil and respond to most valuables including jewelry.

1. Positions lower (counterclockwise) than Ring Range provide even less trash metal rejection, to the point of detecting virtually all types of common metals except small iron and small stainless steel.

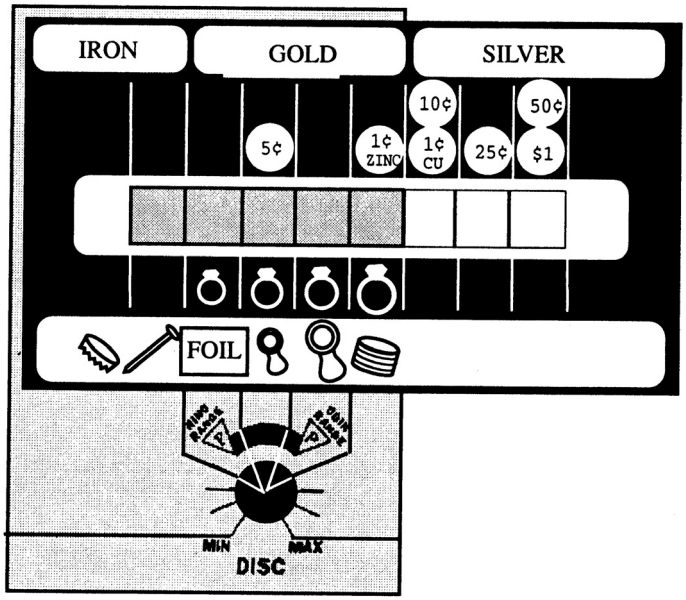
B. The Coin Range "P" (Preset) is optional. In this position, the detector will reject more trash metals including aluminum pull tabs. The display will continue to indicate ID even though the audio discriminator will signal with a reject sound. Nickels and some jewelry will also be rejected at this DISC setting.

1. Positions higher (clockwise) than the Coin Range will provide even greater degrees of trash metal rejection.

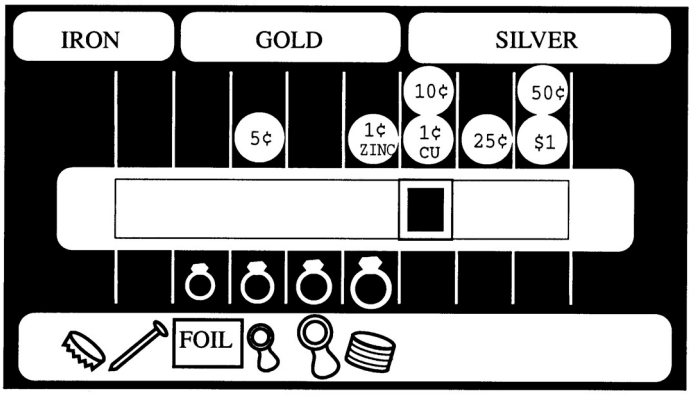
C. The most useful range on this control is between the Ring Range "P" and Coin Range "P" positions. If when searching at the Ring Range position you feel you are digging too much trash, adjust slightly toward the Coin Range and try again. Finding the lowest (furthest counterclockwise) position that eliminates the common trash metals in your area is important in order to find items of jewelry.

D. When a trash metal is being rejected, it will produce a shorter sounding beep that is typically inconsistent, a click or flutter-sounding beep. When a valuable metal is accepted it will produce a consistent, smooth, solid, and longer sounding beep.

E. Some large trash metals, such as pieces of lead, pot metal, aluminum or tin will produce a good sound regardless of the DISC control position

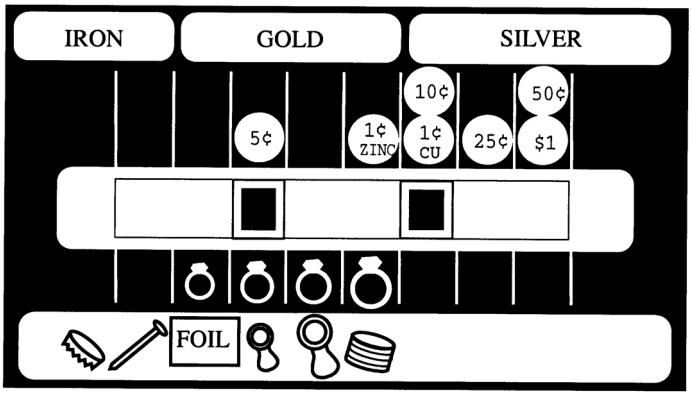


IV. Once either Ring Range "P" or Coin Range "P" has been selected, sweep the round loop very near to the ground passing it from side to side. The loop must be swept (in motion) for metals to respond and provide accurate discrimination. Each pass of the loop from left to right (or from right to left) should overlap the last by at least 50% and take about two seconds. If the loop is swept very very slowly or is stopped, the detector may not respond to metal.



V. At this point, it is a good idea to find an area out-of-doors relatively free of metal to practice. Place a coin on the ground. Pass the loop over the coin. Note that some loop movement is necessary to receive a good clean sound. Note that if you sweep the loop too slow the coin doesn't respond well.

VI. Now place a large nail, and/or a steel bottle cap (not aluminum) on the ground. Sweep the loop over these metals. Note the inconsistency in the beep, and that it is a shorter click or has a flutter to the sound. An operator will soon learn to ignore the clicks or flutter sounds trash produces and listen for the smooth consistent beep that coins and other valuable metals produce.



A. The exact point on the DISC control a trash metal is rejected will change slightly with the ground conditions. However, the following DISC control range is typical. (See first graphic on this page.)

VII. Once a smooth consistent beep has been located, sweep the loop directly over the center of the target several times and read the possible ID on the display. Like the audio discriminator, the display will tend to fluctuate on trash, and read more consistent on valuable metals. This is why we recommend relying on the audio beep as the primary indication, and then check the display ID.

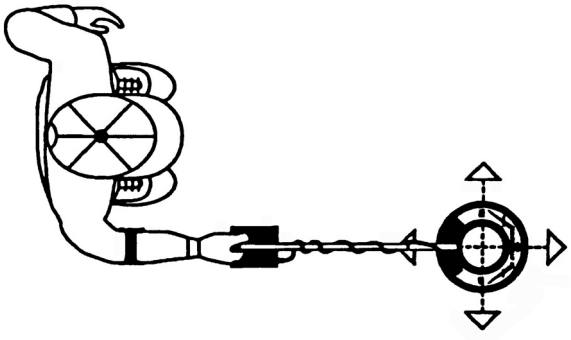
A. The display will produce and hold indications as the loop passes over ground, trash, and other metals. Items discriminated by the DISC control position will still produce display indications (see first graphic on page 6).

B. The more consistent the display indication and the fewer the blocks, the more likely the indication is correct. Trash metals tend to indicate inconsistently.

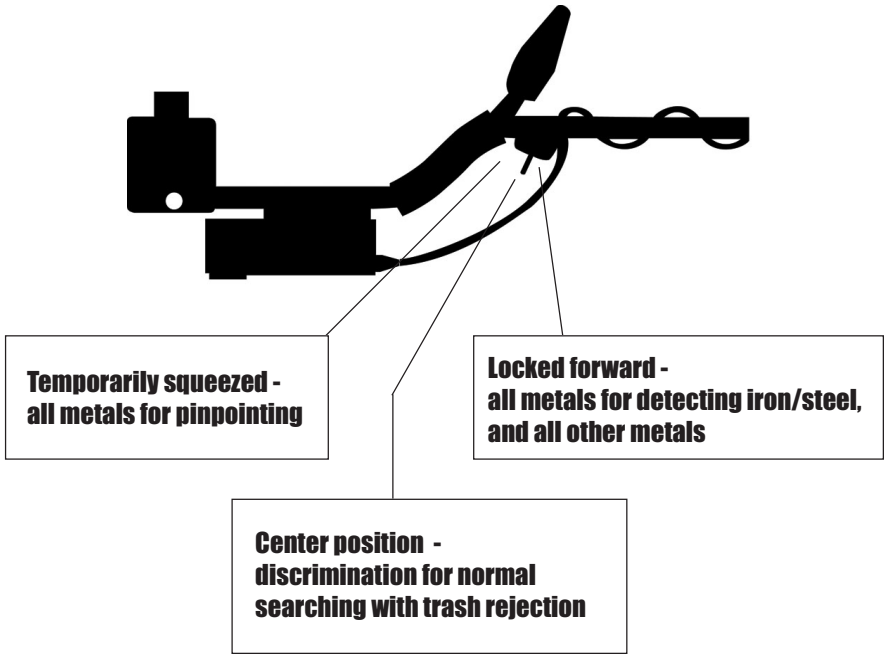
C. Caution: two different types of metals lying near each other in the ground may produce multiple display indications that may appear to mimic trash. In which case the following pinpointing method first should be used. Return to the I.D. display once the targets have been individually pinpointed and you can pass the loop directly over the center of each target separately.

D. See *Explanation Of Display* for more regarding display indications.

VIII. Pinpoint exactly where to dig by squeezing and holding the ALL METAL toggle in the temporary position and "X-ing" the loop slowly over the area "eyeballing" the center. The detector will "beep" as the physical center as the loop passes the center of the target.



A. Note that some loop movement is required. It is a good idea to place coins on the ground and practice pinpointing. It takes some time to develop pinpointing skills. Release the ALL METAL toggle and it will automatically return to the DISC position before continuing to search.



IX. If the desire is to detect iron/steel such as tools, relics or property stakes, place the ALL METAL toggle in the forward LOCK position and leave it there during searching. With the ALL METAL toggle in the forward LOCK position, all types of common metals respond.

A. The display will continue to indicate I.D. regardless of the toggle position.

Explanation of Display

Block indications on the display indicate the possible identification or type of metal item currently being detected.

It is normal for the display to show and hold a random block indication during use as well as indicate targets rejected by the DISC setting. This will not reset with the ALL METAL toggle.

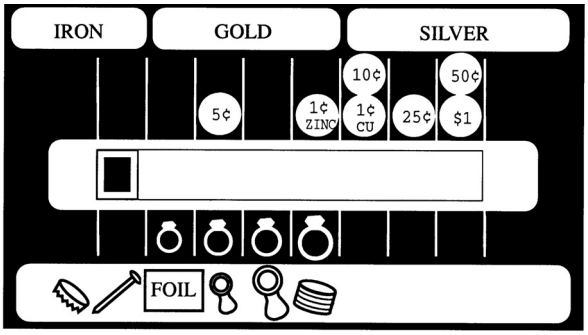
Consult the display indication only when it is accompanied by a smooth repeatable audio sound dictated by the DISC setting.

Each of the eight blocks function independently, therefore, it is possible to receive multiple block indications with several targets near each other or when the metal is of a complex alloy.

During heavy interference, if the Sensitivity control is set too high for the conditions, all the blocks may fill in momentarily. There is no cause for concern as the display will automatically reset itself upon the detection of a metal item. If such display filling becomes excessive reduce the sensitivity control by turning it slightly counter clockwise.

I. First block indication from the left :

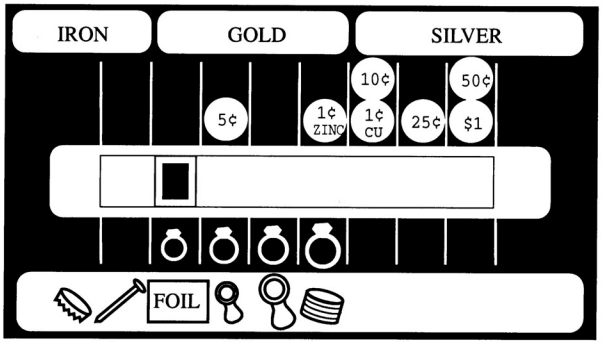
"NAILS, BOTTLE CAPS, IRON"



This block indicates the metal is likely iron or steel such as nails, steel bottle caps, or iron relics. Dig only if iron/steel is of interest.

II. The second block indication from the left:

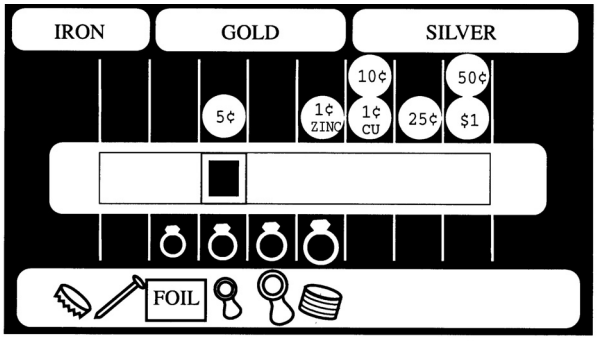
"FOIL, RING, GOLD"



The most common metal found with this block indication is small "FOIL" gum and candy wrappers. However, some very small gold jewelry can also be indicated by this block. If the DISC control is set low enough to produce a good solid sound you may want to dig this indication in areas where rings are suspected.

III. The third block indication from the left:

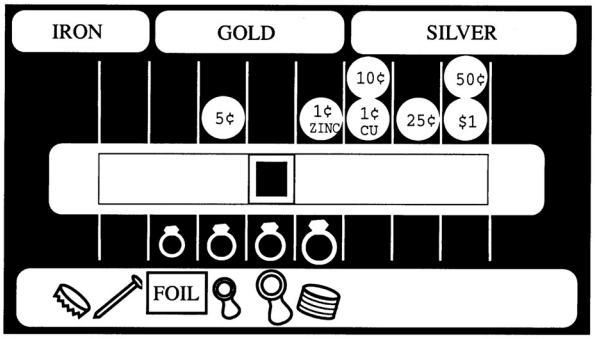
"NICKEL, RING, SMALL PULL TAB, MEDIUM GOLD"



The most common metal found with this block indication is nickels. However, large aluminum, candy wrappers or very small or partial pull tabs may also be indicated by this block. Small gold coins, medium jewelry, and small ancient coins, may also be indicated with this block . We recommend a DISC control setting low enough to produce a good solid sound at this display indication.

IV. The fourth block indication from the left:

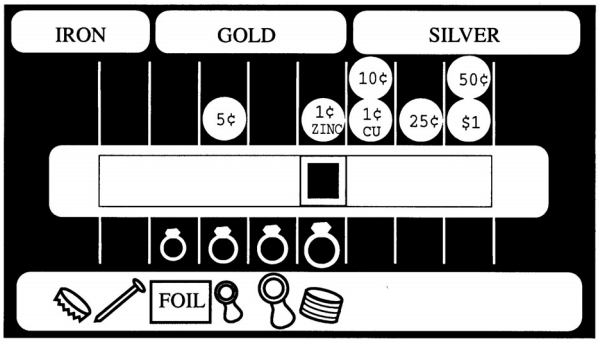
"PULL TAB, RING, GOLD".



The most common metal found with this block indication is the standard size "PULL TAB". However, medium to larger gold jewelry can also be indicated by this block. Again in areas where rings are suspected you may want to dig this indication, at least until you have determined the presence of many pull tabs. The DISC control at high settings can reject metals with the audio sound that produce this display indication.

V. The fifth block indication from the left:

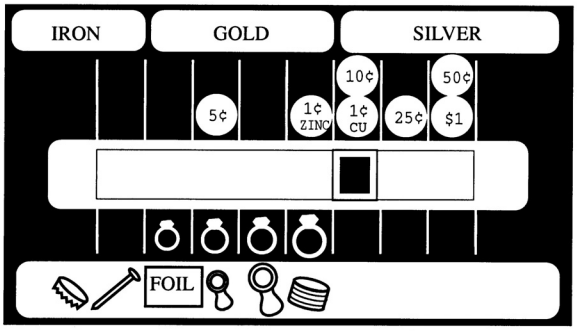
"ZINC 1¢, LARGE RING, SCREW CAP, LARGE GOLD".



The most common metals found with this block indication may either be medium copper or zinc coins or the large aluminum screw off bottle cap depending on the area. However, larger gold jewelry can also be indicated by this block. In areas where rings are suspected, you may want to dig these indications, at least until you have determined the presence of many screw caps.

VI. The sixth block indication from the left:

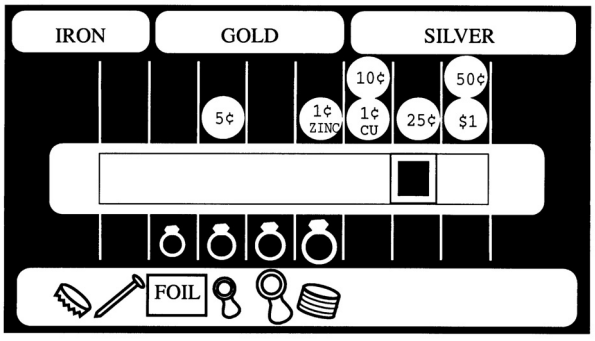
"SILVER, 10¢, 1¢"



The most common metals found with this block indication is medium to large copper and silver coins. Other items of copper/silver can also be indicated by this block. We recommend digging this indication.

VII. The seventh block indication from the left:

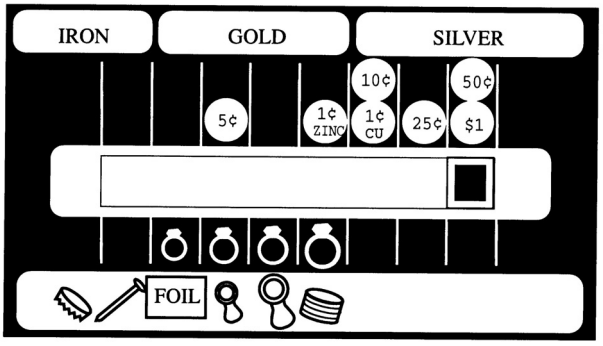
"SILVER, 25¢".



The most common metals found with this block indication is silver coins. However, other items of silver can also be indicated by this block. We recommend digging this indication.

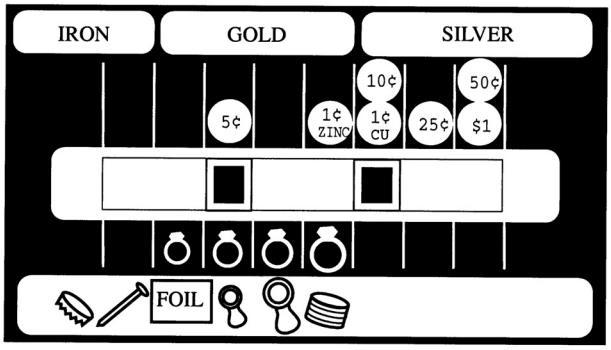
VIII. The eighth block indication from the left:

"SILVER, 50¢, 1 DOLLAR'



The most common metals found with this block indication is large silver coins. However, other large items of silver can also be indicated by this block. We recommend digging this indication.

IX. As previously stated, multiple blocks could have one of two meanings. There could be more than one metal or it may be one metal of a complex alloy (mixture of different metal types). Squeeze the ALL METAL toggle and see if you can pinpoint and isolate the metals and then re-sweep the center of each separately for a better I.D.



ON/OFF Sensitivity/Gain

The Sensitivity knob turns the instrument ON and OFF and adjusts the responsiveness of the instrument. As the SENS knob is turned further and further clockwise, detection depth as well as sensitivity to physically small metal items increases. Unfortunately, external electrical interference and ground interference also increases. The best setting is the furthest clockwise position that provides smooth, stable and predictable results.

An operator of the Classic 5 ID may want to adjust the SENS knob for several reasons:

I. Minimum sensitivity is needed for detecting near power lines, electric fences, microwave antennas, etc.

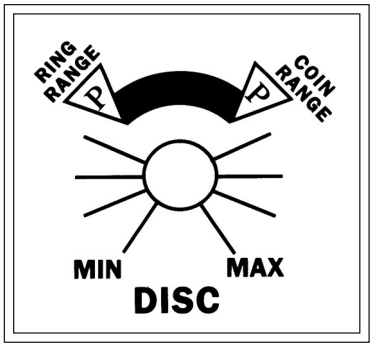
II. For good results in most conditions the "P" (Preset) position works well.

III. If the "P" (Preset) position works well (smooth, stable and predictable results) increasing the SENS knob clockwise will increase detection depth so long as the ground is not extremely mineralized.

IV. If the display tends to black out with all the display blocks filling in, the sensitivity may need to be reduced for good display performance in that area.

Discrimination Control

The DISC (discrimination) control selects the amount of rejection against trash metals. At the fully counter-clockwise position it has the minimum amount of discrimination against trash metals. Most common metals are detected at this setting except for small iron and small stainless steel. As the DISC knob is turned clockwise, more and more trash rejection is achieved.



At the fully clockwise setting nearly all trash metals are rejected, as well as some valuables. Some larger items, such as lead, aluminum, pot metal and tin will respond regardless of the DISC control setting.

An operator of the Classic 5 ID. may want to adjust the DISC control for several reasons:

I. Minimum trash rejection is needed for detecting iron and steel such as tools, horseshoes, relics and property stakes. Iron and steels are rejected quickly as the DISC control is turned clockwise.

II. For the rejection of most common trash metals and the detection of most valuables the highest DISC control setting that still responds to nickel or a medium gold ring is ideal. This should occur somewhere between the RING RANGE "P" and the COIN RANGE "P".

III. For the rejection of all trash metals, even though some valuables will also be lost, the Coin Range and higher rejection levels are useful. Some areas of severe trash can easily be searched for silver/copper coins at high DISC settings. Nickel and small to medium gold items will not be detected at high DISC settings.

IV. The display indications perform independent of the audio DISC control setting. Metals rejected by the audio discriminator will still indicate on the display.

V. The idea of discrimination is to limit the amount of trash metals you dig to a tolerable level. Starting out at the Ring Range setting, if you're digging so much trash you're not having fun, increase the DISC control toward Coin Range slightly and try again. Find the lowest level of discrimination that rejects the common junk items in each particular area.

ALL METAL Toggle Control

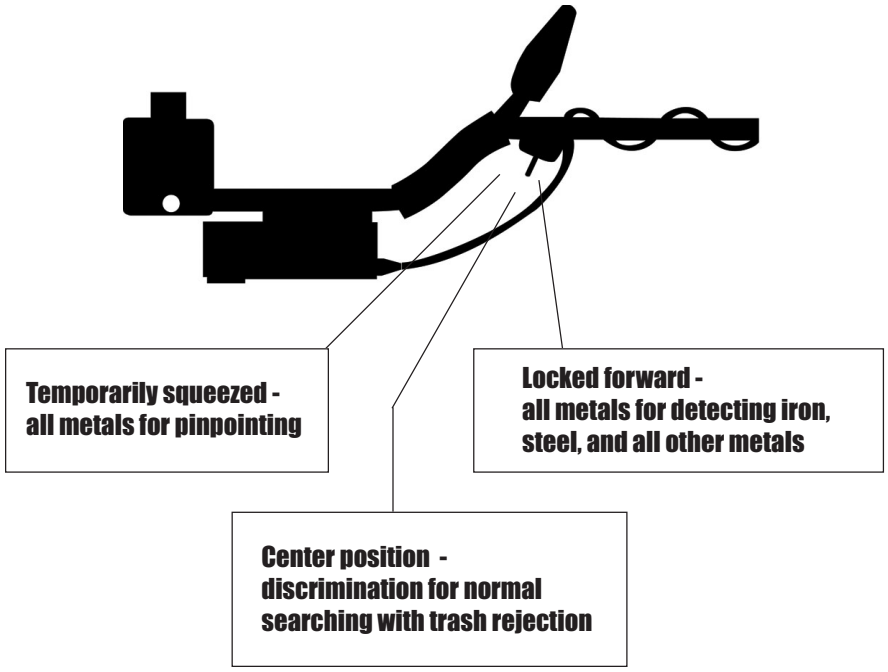
The ALL METAL toggle located on the handle selects between the two available operating modes. The center DISC position is used during most searching where the rejection of trash metals is desired. The temporary (squeezed and held) or forward LOCK positions are used to provide superior pinpointing, and for searching when the desire is to detect all types of metals, particularly iron/steel. The temporary (squeezed and held) is the same as LOCK except it provides for temporary use.

I. During most searching the center DISC position is desired.

A. The DISC position allows the audio rejection of trash metals based on the DISC control setting.

II. For pinpointing or when iron/steel items are desired, squeeze and hold the toggle on the handle or place it in the forward LOCK position.

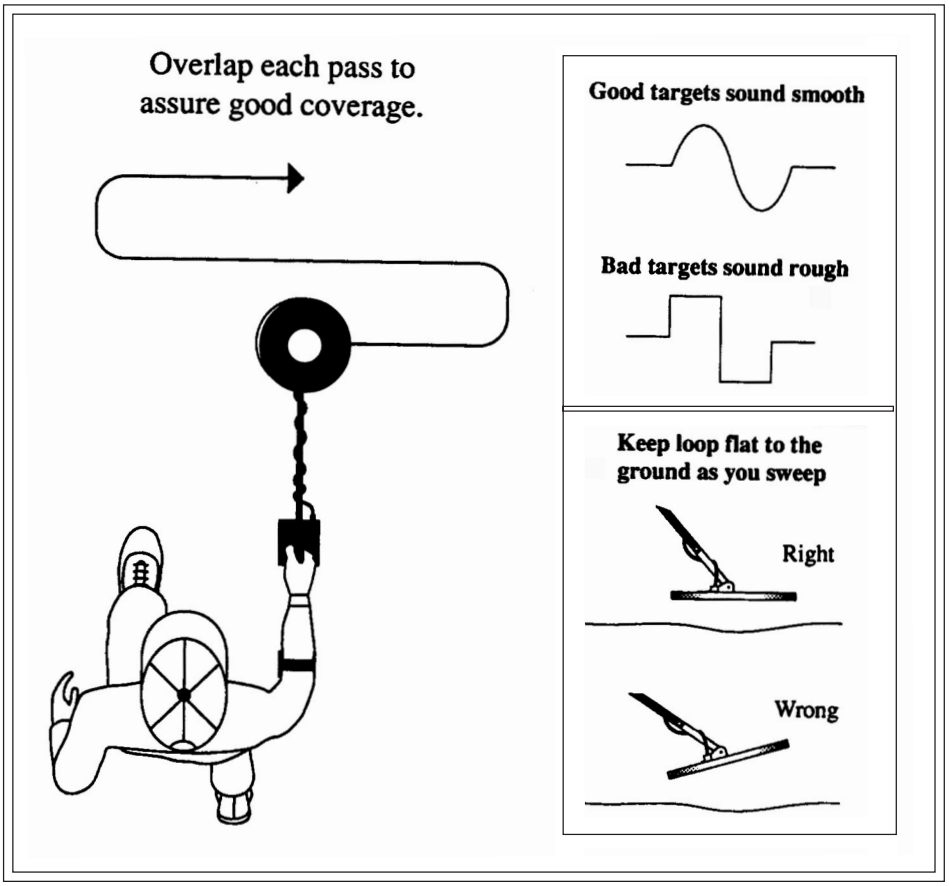
A. When the ALL METAL toggle is in the temporary or LOCK position the instrument responds to all types of common metals.


Temporarily squeezed - all metals for pinpointing
Locked forward - all metals for detecting iron, steel, and all other metals
Center position - discrimination for normal searching with trash rejection

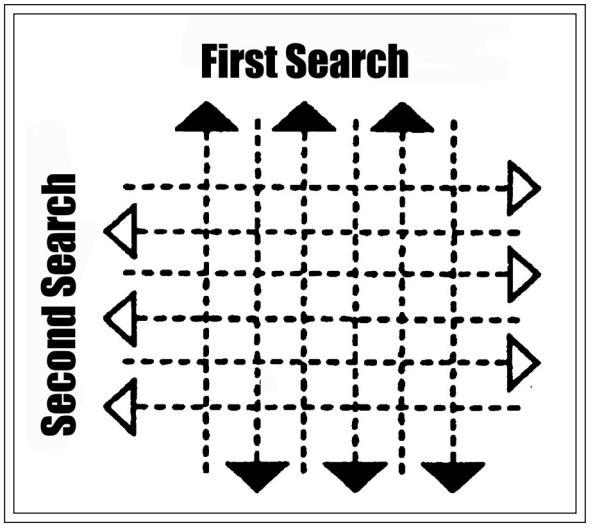
Search Methods

I. Loop Sweep

A. Because the loop must be moving in order to accurately respond, the sweep of the loop is critical to performance. Sweep the loop close to the ground. Keep it close throughout the sweep. (See examples.)

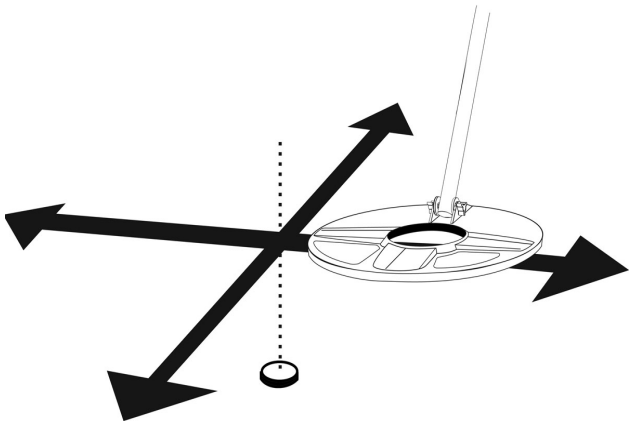

Overlap each pass to assure good coverage.
Good targets sound smooth
Bad targets sound rough
Keep loop flat to the ground as you sweep
Right
Wrong

B. Productive areas, or areas that have potential, should be searched from at least two different directions, at ninety degree angles from each-other.



II. Pinpointing

A. Once a consistent good sound is located, to pinpoint the exact center, squeeze and hold the G.E.B./DISC toggle (located on the handle) or press it forward to lock and "X" the area slowly to pinpoint the exact center. The detector will beep as the physical center of the loop passes the center of the target. Listen for the loudest beep as you sweep the loop over the area, then stop and sweep in the other direction listening for the loudest beep. Where the two loudest beeps intersect is the center of the target. Return the G.E.B./DISC toggle to the center G.E.B./DISC position before continuing to search.



III. Digging

A. Care must be taken to use the appropriate digging tool for the terrain, and not to leave unsightly excavations or holes on other peoples property.

B. There are hundreds of digging tools designed to minimize the impact removal of small items has on the grass and vegetation, and avoid damaging the items found.

C. Sand scoops are all that is needed in some areas, in others a hand gardening spade. Challenging ground conditions may require more sophisticated tools. Check with your dealer regarding an appropriate tool for your area.

IV. Where To Search

A. Start with your own yard. Valuables can be found anywhere people have congregated, gathered, lived, sat, walked, played, camped, picnicked, traveled or fought.

B. Any area inhabited before 1965, is likely to have the older styles of collectable coins.

V. How To Search

A. You must have permission to search private property from the owner or person in charge of managing the property. In most cases, you can locate the owner through City Hall or the County Seat.

B. If the area is city owned contact the Parks and Recreations Department. If it is a state or federal park contact the superintendent or grounds keeper. In most cases permission to search is not a problem, given a few restrictions, such as known and marked historical parks.

Headphones:

Optional headphones are available for this model. The Classic® models come equipped with a 1/4 inch stereo headphone jack. It is located below the elbow cup, above the battery compartment. Most 1/4 inch headphones from 8-120 ohms will work with this model. White's has several high quality sets to choose from with volume controls for winter or summer use.

As the Classic® models do not have volume controls, if you have sensitive hearing be sure to select headphones with volume controls.

Headphones are recommended for the following reasons -

A. Increase battery life.

B. Increase the operators ability to hear the metal target.

C. Provide the operator privacy.

D. Keep the detector noises from annoying less enthusiastic bystanders.

E. Full-size headphones block external noise, such as traffic or surf.

Proper Care

I. Cleaning

A. Both the loop and rod are waterproof and can be cleaned with fresh water and mild soap. The control box is not waterproof and must be kept dry. Never lift a wet loop above the height of the control box as water can run down the inside of the rod damaging the electronics. A damp cotton cloth can be used to wipe off a dirty control box.

II. Weather

A. Do not expose your detector to the conditions of a car trunk during winter and/or summer extremes.

B. Protect it from direct sunlight during storage.

C. The control box is rain resistant. However, it must be protected from heavy rain.

III. Saltwater

A. Saltwater is very corrosive! After your detector has been exposed to salt, rinse the loop and rods in fresh water. Wipe down the control box with a damp cotton cloth. Do not allow water inside the control box and avoid lifting the loop above the height of the control box.

IV. Storage

A. When the instrument is not in use, make sure the knob is turned fully counterclockwise, to the OFF position.

B. If you plan on storing your detector for long periods of time, remove the battery holder from the instrument and remove the battery cells from the holder.

C. Store the instrument indoors, in an area where it will be protected from abuse. Over the years White's has noted more service repairs and physical damage, on units in storage than those experiencing daily use.

V. Additional Precautions

A. Avoid dropping your detector while attempting to set it down to dig.

B. Avoid using your detector for leverage when standing up from a dig.

C. Do not use any lubricants, such as WD-40, on any part of your detector.

D. Do not modify your instrument during its warranty period

Advanced Operator

Ground Rejection

The ground rejection of the Classic® models is factory preset at a level slightly positive of a ferrite mineral sample. This setting will provide good performance in most ground conditions.

If you notice a lot of false targeting (beeps where there are no metal items) or if ground penetration is less than several inches, the ground rejection may need to be adjusted for your area.

Some areas will not allow good ground rejection, such as wet salt water beaches or black sand. In these areas, it is advisable to leave the ground rejection alone and work the detector with the NORM/BLACK SAND toggle in the BLACK SAND position, using the G.E.B./DISC toggle in the center G.E.B./DISC position, and a low DISC knob setting (RING RANGE or below).

To reset the ground rejection:

I. Place the G.E.B./DISC toggle in the center G.E.B./DISC position and abruptly lower and lift the loop from the ground. A beep indicates ground rejection is not set perfectly.

II. Under the "Made In America" decal on top of the instrument, there is an access hole with a trimmer inside.

III. Use a very small regular head screwdriver to very slightly adjust this trimmer.

A. Find the edge where in one direction the detector beeps as the loop is abruptly lowered and lifted from the ground and in the other direction the detector doesn't beep as the loop is abruptly lowered to and lifted from the ground.

B. The correct setting is the point or edge where the detector just stops beeping as the loop is abruptly lowered to and lifted from the ground. Going further into the silent area in most cases hinders performance.

C. Recover the access hole with the decal or a small section of black electrical tape to prevent moisture and dirt from entering the control box.

Discrimination:

The DISC (discrimination) control can be further labeled with information that will aid in determining if a metal is trash such as a pulltab, or good such as jewelry. Use the center G.E.B./DISC toggle position.

I. Obtain a USA nickel, and an ordinary (common) aluminum pulltab with tail.

II. Bury the nickel about an inch deep in the ground.

A. Sweep the loop over the nickel while adjusting the DISC control. Note that if the DISC control is turned too high the nickel is rejected.

1. Find the furthest clockwise DISC setting that still detects the nickel well, and mark this position on the control.

III. Now do the same thing with the pulltab. Bury it an inch in the ground.

A. Sweep the loop over the pulltab while adjusting the DISC control, note the point the pulltab is rejected.

1. This time, mark the furthest counterclockwise position that rejects the pulltab.

IV. If completed correctly, you should now have two marks on your DISC control.

A. Furthest point (clockwise) a nickel is accepted.

B. Furthest point (counterclockwise) a pulltab is rejected.

C. Note that if the marks for nickel and pulltab are very close together, the pulltab is probably not ordinary. Try a different, more common pulltab.

V. You're now ready to search.

A. Use the DISC position you marked for accepting a nickel.

B. Once a consistent, smooth, solid beep is found continue sweeping the loop over the target while slowly turning the DISC control clockwise.

1. If the target starts rejecting prior to the pulltab mark, it is likely a nickel or jewelry.

2. If the target is rejected at the pulltab mark, it is likely a pulltab.

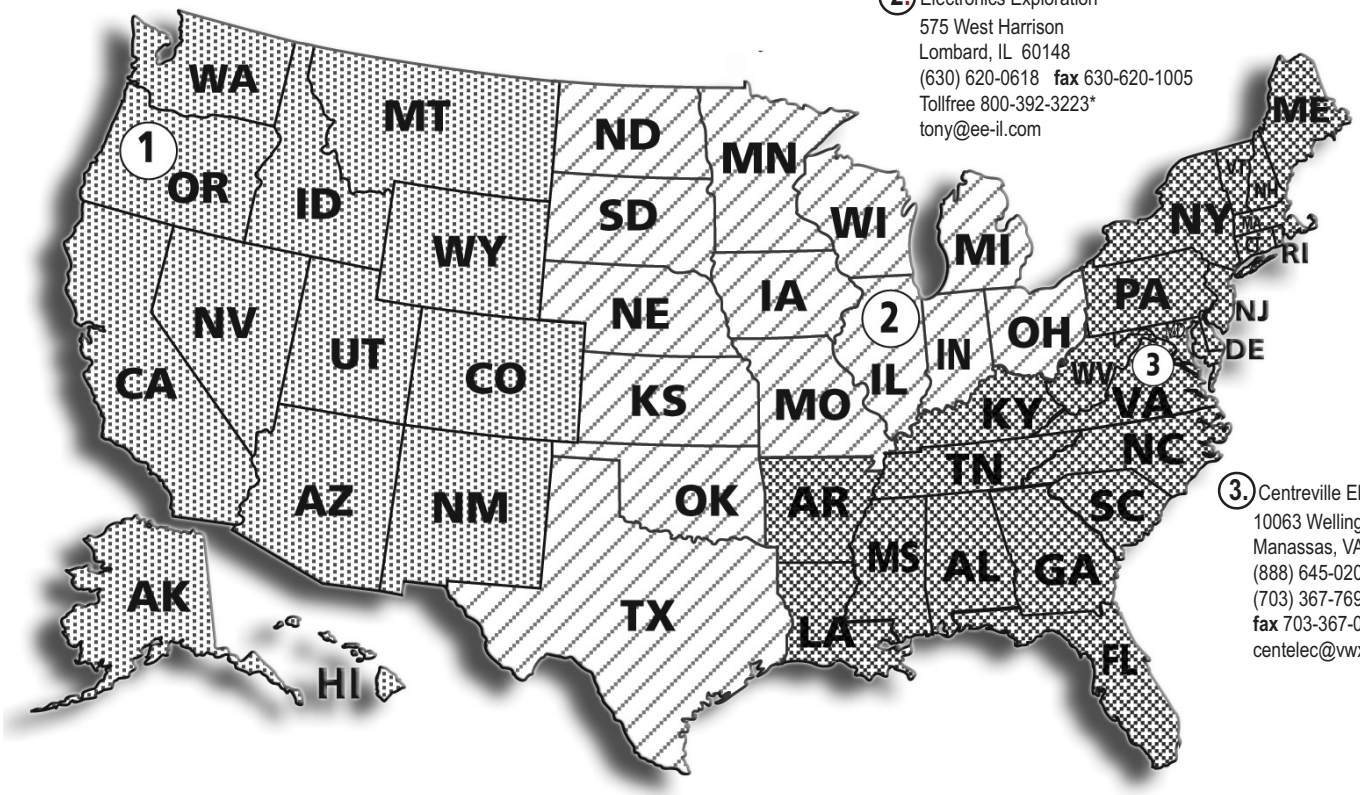
3. If the target is not rejected until well after the pulltab mark, it is either large jewelry, large aluminum foil, or an aluminum screw cap.

4. If the target is not rejected all the way to the fully clockwise DISC position, it is likely a coin other than a nickel.

White's Authorized Service Centers

1. White's Electronics
1011 Pleasant Valley Road
Sweet Home, OR 97386
(541) 367-6121 **fax** 541-367-6629
nbaker@whiteselectronics.com

2. Electronics Exploration
575 West Harrison
Lombard, IL 60148
(630) 620-0618 **fax** 630-620-1005
Tollfree 800-392-3223*
tony@ee-il.com



3. Centreville Electronics
10063 Wellington Road
Manassas, VA 20110
(888) 645-0202
(703) 367-76999
fax 703-367-0868
centelec@vwx.com

White's reputation has been built on quality products backed by quality service. Our Factory Authorized Service Centers are factory trained and equipped. They offer the same quality service as the factory. Service before and after the sale is the cornerstone of our customer relations.

Before shipping detectors for Service

1) Contact your Dealer. There may be a quick and simple fix or explanation that will prevent you from having to send your detector in for service.

2) Double check the obvious, such as batteries, and try the detector in another area to be sure there is not interference.

3) Be sure to send all the necessary parts with your detector when returning it for service. Loops, batteries, control box, etc...

4) Always include a letter of explanation about your concerns, even if you have talked to the service center by telephone.

5) Take care in packaging instruments for shipping, and always insure your package.

White's Limited Warranty

If within two years (24 months) from the original date of purchase, your White's detector fails due to defects in either material or workmanship, White's Electronics will repair or replace at its option, all necessary parts without charge for parts or labor.

Simply return the complete detector to the Dealer where you purchased it, or to your nearest Authorized Service Center. The unit must be accompanied by a detailed explanation of the symptoms of the failure. You must provide proof of date-of-purchase before the unit is serviced.

This is a transferable manufacturer warranty, which covers the instrument two years from the original purchase date, regardless of the owner.

Items excluded from the warranty are non-rechargeable batteries, accessories that are not standard equipment, shipping/handling costs outside the continental USA, Special Delivery costs (air freight, next day, 2nd day, packaging services, etc.) and all shipping/handling costs inside the continental USA 90 days after purchase.

White's registers your purchase only if the Sales Registration Card is filled out and returned to the factory address by your Dealer, soon after original purchase for the purpose of recording this information, and keeping you up-to-date regarding White's ongoing research and development.

The warranty does not cover damage caused by accident, misuse, neglect, alterations, modifications, unauthorized service, or prolonged exposure to corrosive compounds, including salt.

Duration of any implied warranty (e.g., merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose) shall not be longer than the stated warranty. Neither the manufacturer or the retailer shall be liable for any incidental or consequential damages. Some states however, do not allow the limitation on the length of implied warranties or the exclusion of incidental or consequential damages. Therefore, the above limitations may not apply to you.

In addition, the stated warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may have other rights which vary from state-to-state.

The foregoing is the only warranty provided by White's as the manufacturer of your metal detector. Any "extended warranty" period beyond two years, which may be provided by a dealer or other third party on your detector, may be without White's authority involvement and consent, and might not be honored by White's Electronics, Inc.

Warranty Transfer Information

If for any reason you should sell your Classic® metal detector prior to the date the warranty expires, the remaining warranty is transferable. **This transfer is authorized by calling 1-800-547-6911, and getting an Authorization Number.**

Simply fill out the following information, including the Authorization Number, seal it in a stamped envelope, and send it to **White's Electronics, 1011 Pleasant Valley Road, Sweet Home, Oregon 97386.** The remaining warranty period will then be available to the new owner.

The Warranty Statement applies to both the original owner as well as the second owner.

White's®

Warranty Transfer

Original Owner:

Name: _____

Address (Which appears on the original warranty card):

_____

_____

Instrument Serial Number: _____

Original Purchase Date:_____

New Owner:

Name: _____

Address: _____

_____

_____

Comments: _____

_____

_____

_____

_____

Distributor Authorization Code: _____

Owner Information

Serial Number _____ (inside of battery compartment)

Purchase Date: _____ (The date on the sales receipt)

Dealer Name: _____

Address: _____

Telephone #: _____

Payment method: _____

Personal markings: _____

Part Number for Classic® 5 ID Manual : #621-0484-1

Notes